



POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
OF
SARVESHWAR FOODS LIMITED

Last Amended on 16th December,2025



POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. Applicability

This policy is formed as a part of Corporate Governance Framework as per requirement of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the 'SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015') as amended from time to time and also in terms of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.

B. Purpose

- To regulate transactions between the Company, its subsidiaries and its Related Parties with a view to ensure that such transactions are executed on an arm's length basis and in a transparent and fair manner.
- To seek necessary approvals of the AC/Board/shareholders as may be necessary, after providing necessary information to them in the prescribed manner.
- To outline the procedures for identification, review, approval, disclosure and reporting of such transactions.

This Policy shall supplement the Company's other policies in force that may be applicable to or involve transactions with Related Parties.

C. Definition

- **"Associate Company"**, in relation to another company, means a company in which that other company has control of at least twenty percent of Authorized Share Capital, or of business decisions under an agreement, but which is not a subsidiary company of the company having such influence and includes a joint venture company.
- **"Audit Committee" or "AC"** means Committee of Board of Directors of the Company constituted under provisions of Listing Agreement and the Companies Act, 2013.
- The term **"Control"** shall have the same meaning as defined in SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
- **"Key Managerial Personnel"** means key managerial personnel as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and includes-



- ✓ Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or manager and in their absence, a Whole time director
- ✓ Company Secretary
- ✓ Chief Financial Officer

- **“Material Related Party Transaction”** means a transaction with a related party if the transaction / transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed exceeds the following:

Consolidated Turnover of Listed Entity	Threshold
(I) Up to ₹20,000 Crore	10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity
(II) More than ₹20,000 Crore to upto ₹40,000 Crore	₹2,000 Crore + 5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity above ₹20,000 Crore
(III) More than ₹40,000 Crore	₹3,000 Crore + 2.5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity above ₹40,000 Crore or ₹5000 Crores, whichever is lower.

- **“Material Modifications”** means any modification to an existing related party transaction, approved by the Audit Committee/ Board of Directors / Shareholders, as the case may be, which will change the complete nature of the transaction and in case of monetary thresholds which is in excess of 10% of the originally approved transaction **value or such other threshold as approved by the Audit Committee.**
- **“Office or place of profit”** means any office or place –
 - where such office or place is held by a director, if the director holding it receives from the Company anything by way of remuneration over and above the remuneration to which he is entitled as director, by way of salary, fee, commission, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise
 - where such office or place is held by an individual other than a director or by any firm, private Company or other body corporate, if the individual, firm, private Company or body corporate holding it receives from the Company anything by way of remuneration, salary, fee, commission, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise
- **“Policy”** means Related Party Transaction Policy.
- **“Relative”** means relative as defined under Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013
- **“Related party”** means related party as defined in Regulation 23 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 which is as follows:



- ✓ a related party as defined under sub-section (76) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 or under the applicable accounting standards
- ✓ any person or entity forming a part of the promoter or promoter group.
- ✓ any person or any entity, holding equity shares:
 - a. of twenty percent or more; or
 - b. of ten per cent or more, with effect from April 1, 2023 in the Company either directly or on a beneficial interest basis as provided under section 89 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, during the immediately preceding financial year.

• **“Related Party Transaction”** means a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between:
I. The Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
II. The Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, with effect from April 1, 2023;
regardless of whether a price is charged and a “transaction” with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract which fall under one or more of the categories as specified under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 i.e.: transfer of resources, services or obligations between a company and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged and also includes the transactions/ contracts/ arrangement between the Company and its related parties which fall under one or more of the following headings

- ✓ Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;
- ✓ Selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any kind;
- ✓ Leasing of property of any kind;
- ✓ Transfer of research and development
- ✓ License agreements
- ✓ Finance (including loans and equity contributions in cash or kind)
- ✓ Guarantees and collaterals
- ✓ Management contracts including for deputation of employees

Provided that the following shall not be a related party transaction:

- a. the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- b. the following corporate actions which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
 - i. payment of dividend.
 - ii. subdivision or consolidation of securities.
 - iii. issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
 - iv. buy-back of securities.
- c. acceptance of fixed deposits by banks/Non-Banking Finance Companies at the terms uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders/public, subject to disclosure of the same along with the disclosure of related party transactions every



six months to the stock exchange(s), in the format as specified by the Board;

d. acceptance of current account deposits and saving account deposits by banks in compliance with the directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India or any other central bank in the relevant jurisdiction from time to time;

For the purpose of clauses (c) and (d) above, acceptance of deposits includes payment of interest thereon

(as per definition of RPT under Regulation 2(1)(zc) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

e. retail purchases from any listed entity or its subsidiary by the directors or key managerial personnel of the listed entity or its subsidiary, and relatives of such directors or key managerial personnel, without establishing a business relationship and at the terms which are uniformly applicable/offered to all employees, directors, key managerial personnel and relatives of directors or key managerial personnel.

- **“Transaction on arm’s length basis”** means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.

- **“Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business”** means activities that are necessary, normal, and incidental to the business and which fall under one or more of the following headings:

- ✓ Import / export of services
- ✓ Import of Fixed assets / spares / computers
- ✓ Purchase and Sale of Fixed assets
- ✓ Royalty Received / paid
- ✓ Commission Income received / paid
- ✓ Re-imbursement of expenses
- ✓ Dividend Received / paid
- ✓ Loans and Advances paid and repaid
- ✓ Interest received on Loans given
- ✓ Interest paid on Loans received
- ✓ Any other as the AC may deem fit.

D. Policy

I. Approval of Related Party Transactions by the AC

- All Related Party Transactions and subsequent material modifications shall require prior approval the AC and referred for approval in accordance with this Policy.

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- a related party transaction above rupees one crore, whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party, shall require prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity if the value of such transaction, exceeds the lower of the following:



- (i) ten percent of the annual standalone turnover of the subsidiary as per the last audited financial statements of the subsidiary; or
 - (ii) the threshold for material related party transactions of listed entity as specified in Schedule XII of these regulations.
- In the event of a related party transaction above rupees one crore, whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party and such subsidiary does not have audited financial statements for a period of at least one year, prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity shall be obtained if the value of such transaction exceeds the lower of the following:
 - (i) ten percent of the aggregate value of paid-up share capital and securities premium account of the subsidiary; or
 - (ii) the threshold for material related party transactions of listed entity as specified in Schedule XII of these regulations:
- Provided that the aggregate value of paid-up share capital and securities premium account of the subsidiary shall be taken as on a date, not older than three months prior to the date of seeking approval of the audit committee.
- **The AC approval is not required in following cases :**
 - (a) transactions entered into between two public sector companies;
 - (b) transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and place shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
 - (c) transactions entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the listed holding company, whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company the shareholders at the general meeting for approval
 - (d) transactions which are in the nature of payment of statutory dues, statutory fees or statutory charges entered into between an entity on one hand and the Central or any State Government or any combination thereof on the other hand.
 - (e) transactions entered into between a public sector company on one hand and the Central Government or any State Government or any combination thereof on the other hand.
 - Any member of the AC who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will refrain himself/herself from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.
 - prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity shall not be required for a related party transaction to which the listed subsidiary is a party but the listed entity is not a party, if regulation 23 and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 15 of these regulations are applicable to such listed subsidiary.



- remuneration and sitting fees paid by the listed entity or its subsidiary to its director, key managerial personnel or senior management, except who is part of promoter or promoter group, shall not require approval of the audit committee provided that the same is not material in terms of the provisions of sub-regulation (1) of this regulation.
- The members of the audit committee, who are independent directors, may ratify related party transactions within three months from the date of the transaction or in the immediate next meeting of the audit committee, whichever is earlier, subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) the value of the ratified transactions with a related party, whether entered into individually or taken together, during a financial year shall not exceed rupees one crore;
 - (ii) the transaction is not material in terms of the provisions of sub-regulation (1) of this regulation;
 - (iii) rationale for inability to seek prior approval for the transaction shall be placed before the audit committee at the time of seeking ratification;
 - (iv) the details of ratification shall be disclosed along with the disclosures of related party transactions in terms of the provisions of sub-regulation (9) of this regulation;
 - (v) any other condition as specified by the audit committee
- The AC may have an umbrella resolution under which Related Party Transaction with a value of upto INR 1 Crore can be entered into without the AC approving it in its meeting
- The AC may grant Omnibus approval for proposed Related Party Transactions entered into by listed entity or its subsidiary, which are repetitive in nature subject to conditions as mentioned in Regulation 23.
- The AC shall review at least on quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
- Such omnibus approval shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year validity.
- Representation shall be allowed
- Only the independent directors who are the members of the AC shall approve the related party transactions.



II. Approval of Related Party Transactions by the Board and Shareholders:

- In the event contract /arrangement / transaction is not in the ordinary course of business or at arm's length, the Company shall comply with the SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015 and with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and obtain prior approval of the Board and its shareholders, as applicable, for such contract / arrangement / transaction.
- In case of transaction, other than transactions referred to in Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, and where Audit Committee does not approve the transaction, it shall make its recommendations to the Board of Directors of the Company for approval of such transactions
- Where Related Party Transactions require approval of the Board through special resolution; any director who is interested in any contract / arrangement / transaction with a related party, shall not be present at the meeting during discussions on the subject-matter of the resolution relating to such contract / arrangement / transaction.
- All material related party transactions and subsequent material modifications thereto as defined by the AC shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution and no related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.
- In the case of Omnibus approval for material RPT's, obtained from shareholders in general meetings other than the AGM's, the validity of such omnibus approvals shall not exceed one year. Furthermore where the shareholders' approval of omnibus RPT's approved in an AGM shall be valid upto the date of the next AGM for a period not exceeding fifteen months.

E. Pre-approved Transactions:

Following transactions shall not require approval of the Board; and shall be considered as pre-approved:

- Compensation (including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business) payable to Executive Directors or Key Management Personnel which is approved by Compensation and Remuneration Committee of the Board.
- Transactions in the ordinary course of business, arm's length basis and with wholly owned subsidiaries and transactions entered into between two wholly owned subsidiaries, whose accounts are consolidated with the Company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval
- Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Company and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro-rata as the Related Party.



- Allotment of ESOPs/RSUs (Restricted Stock Units) to Key Managerial Personnel under the schemes already approved by shareholders
- Transaction(s) undertaken by the Independent Director with the Company or its holding, subsidiary, or associate company or their promoters or directors during the year and during two immediately preceding financial years shall not fall in the ambit of pecuniary relationship with the Company:
 - a. Transaction(s) done in ordinary course of business at arm's length;
 - b. Receipt of remuneration by way of sitting fees and commission;
 - c. Re-imbusement of expenses for attending board and other meetings.

F. Procedure for Identification and maintaining record of potential Related Party Transactions:

- The Secretarial department shall at all times maintain a database of Company's Related Parties containing the names of individuals and Companies, identified on the basis of the definition set forth in Definition Clause 9 above, along with their personal/company details including any revisions therein.
- The Related Party List shall be updated whenever necessary and shall be reviewed at least once a year, as on 1st April every year.
- The Secretarial department shall collate the information, coordinate and send the list of Related Parties to Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or any officer designated by CFO (Responsible person).
- This analysis and identification of the proposed transactions or contracts with the parties in the list above can be done by the Responsible Person independently or in consultation with outside consultant, as appropriate.
- When the Responsible Person after due analysis, identifies the proposed transaction or relationship, with the parties in the above list as Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with the Policy, he / she will refer the provided with all relevant material information of proposed Related Party Transactions; including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters to the AC in their next scheduled meeting for review and approval and convey back the decision to the originator of the transaction.
- Every new appointed director or key managerial personnel shall, within a period of thirty days of his/her appointment, or relinquishment of his office in other Companies, as the case may be, disclose to the Company the particulars relating to his/her concern or interest in the other associations.
- The Secretarial department shall keep and maintain a register, physically or electronically, as may be decided by the Board, giving separately the particulars of all transactions or contracts or arrangements to which this policy applies. The register shall be preserved permanently and shall be kept in the custody of the Company Secretary of the Company or any other person authorized by the Board for the purpose.



H. First time adoption of the Policy

All the Related Party Transactions known up to the Responsible Person on the date of approval of the Policy, will be presented before the AC in its meeting held for adoption of this policy. The AC shall review and approve the transactions as per guidelines prescribed under this Policy.

I. Periodical Review / Amendments of the Policy

The AC shall periodically review this Policy and may recommend amendments to this Policy from time to time as it deems appropriate.

J. Amendment:

In case there are any amendments are to be made to this Policy, the Audit Committee should approve those amendments and recommend the same to the Board of Directors for its consideration and approval before making the said amendment effective. Further, any subsequent amendment / modification in the Listing Regulations or the Act or any other governing Act/Rules/Regulations or re-enactment, impacting the provisions of this Policy, shall automatically apply to this Policy and the relevant provision(s) of this Policy shall be deemed to be modified and/or amended to that extent, even if not incorporated in this Policy. Further, the policy is amended with approval of Audit Committee and Board of Directors in its meeting held on 16th December, 2025 to incorporate the subsequent amendments of Listing Regulations.

K. Disclosures:

- Details of all material transactions with related parties are to be disclosed Half yearly.
- along with the compliance report on corporate governance.
- All Related Party Transactions shall be disclosed in the Company's Half Yearly audited financial statements and Annual Report and applicable statutory filings.
- With effect from April 1, 2022 All Related Party Transactions shall be submitted to the stock exchanges, in the format as specified by the Board from time to time, and publish the same on its website every six months within 15 days (Fifteen days) from the date of publication of its standalone and consolidated financial results: and w.e.f. April 1, 2023 all Related Party Transactions shall be submitted to the stock exchanges, in the format as specified by the Board from time to time, and publish the same on its website every six months on the same day of the date of publication of its standalone and consolidated financial results

Provided further that the remuneration and sitting fees paid by the listed entity or its subsidiary to its director, key managerial personnel or senior management, except who is part of promoter or promoter group, shall not require disclosure provided that the same is not material in terms of the provisions of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 23 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015.



- The contract or arrangements entered into with the Related Parties shall be disclosed in the Board Report to the shareholders along with the justification for entering into such contract or arrangement.
- This Policy shall be disclosed on the Company website and a web link thereto shall be provided in the Annual Report.

L. MINIMUM INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED TO THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AND SHAREHOLDERS FOR APPROVAL OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- SEBI wide its Circular dated June 26, 2025, issued Industry Standards on Minimum information to be provided to the Audit Committee and Shareholders for approval of Related Party Transactions. As required in the aforesaid standards, while placing any proposal for review and approval of an RPT before the Audit Committee and/or the shareholders, the Company shall provide the “Minimum Information” as specified in the said standards, as amended from time to time.